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Time-Reversal Measurement of the p-Wave Cross Sections of the $^{7}\text{Be}(\text{n},\alpha)^{4}\text{He}$ Reaction for the Cosmological Li Problem

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Abstract

The cross sections of the $^{7}\text{Be}(\text{n},\alpha)^{4}\text{He}$ reaction for p-wave neutrons were experimentally determined at $E_{\text{c.m.}}=0.20-0.81$ MeV slightly above the big bang nucleosynthesis (BBN) energy window for the first time on the basis of the detailed balance principle by measuring the time-reverse reaction. The obtained cross sections are much larger than the cross sections for s-wave neutrons inferred from the recent measurement at the n_TOF facility in CERN, but significantly smaller than the theoretical estimation widely used in the BBN calculations. The present results suggest the $^{7}\text{Be}(\text{n},\alpha)^{4}\text{He}$ reaction rate is not large enough to solve the cosmological lithium problem, and this conclusion agrees with the recent result from the direct measurement of the s-wave cross sections using a low-energy neutron beam and the evaluated nuclear data library ENDF/B-VII.1.

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